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**National Centre for
Earth Observation**
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

GlobBiomass WP5000

Regional Biomass Estimation

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GlobBiomass User Workshop
September 2017
FAO, Rome

Regional mapping

- › The regional products are intended to provide the best possible estimates of biomass over a varied set of forest types for 2005, 2010 and 2015, as well as estimates of biomass change between epochs.
- › Regional teams will use all data available and expertise from their respective regions
- › These products will provide a reference against which the global product, which will be a single map for 2010, can be assessed.
- › For all products a crucial second type of product will be maps describing the accuracy of the products.

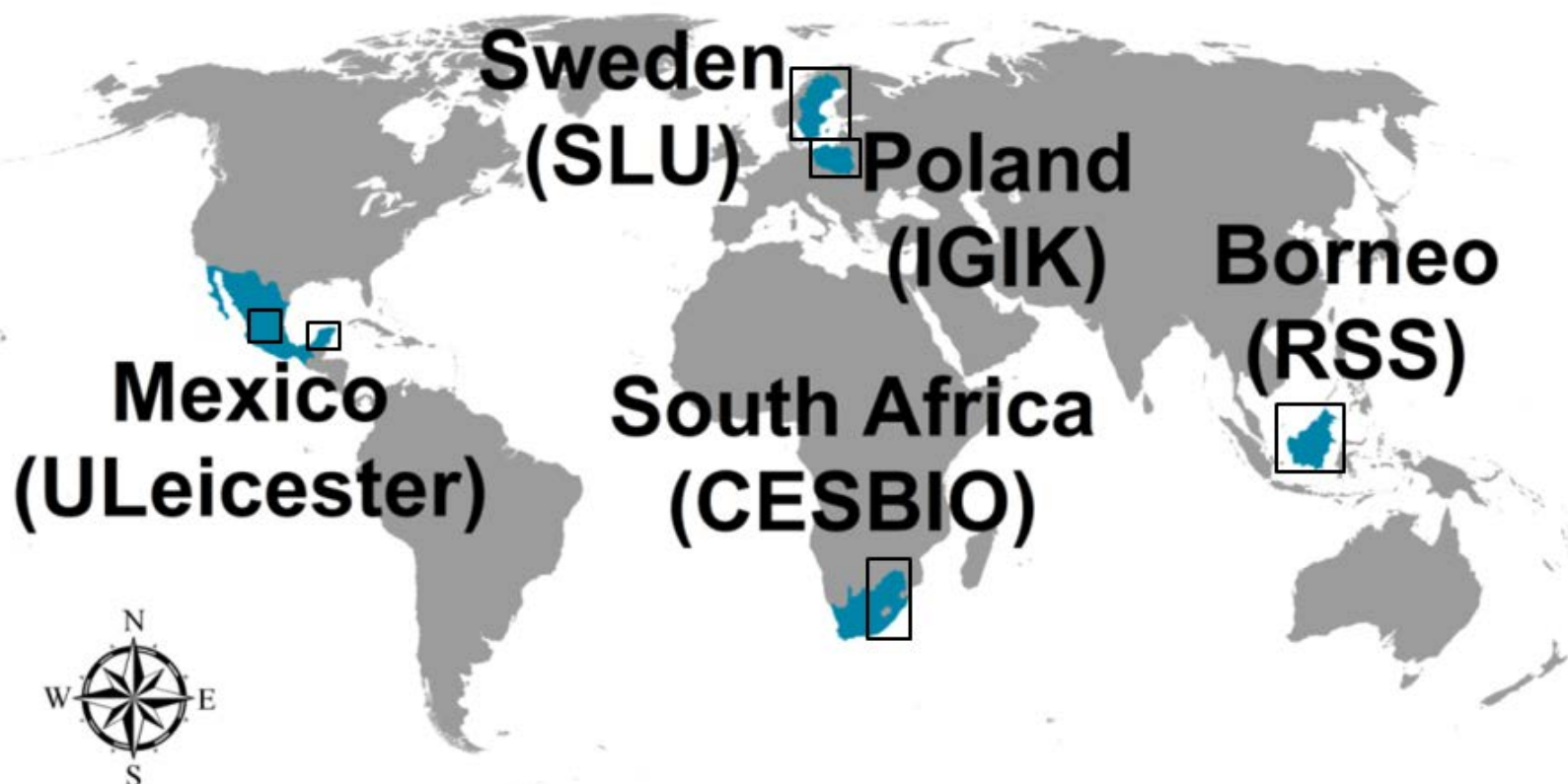
Progress Task 5

Activities / Deliverables	Dates	Progress
DA1 Product Development Method document to ESA	June/September 2015	✓
Guidelines on uncertainty and accuracy assessment for regional partners working note (input into D5 Validation protocol)	June/November 2015	✓
Regional algorithm developers meeting – Leicester	September 2015	✓
DA1 Input into the Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document	October 2015	✓
First versions of D11 Biomass 2010 epoch products	November 2015	✓
Submission D11 deliverable + readme file to ESA	December 2015	✓
Users Workshop & Second PM, feedback and way forward	February 2016	✓
Regional Mapping Issues – Videoconference	June 2016	✓

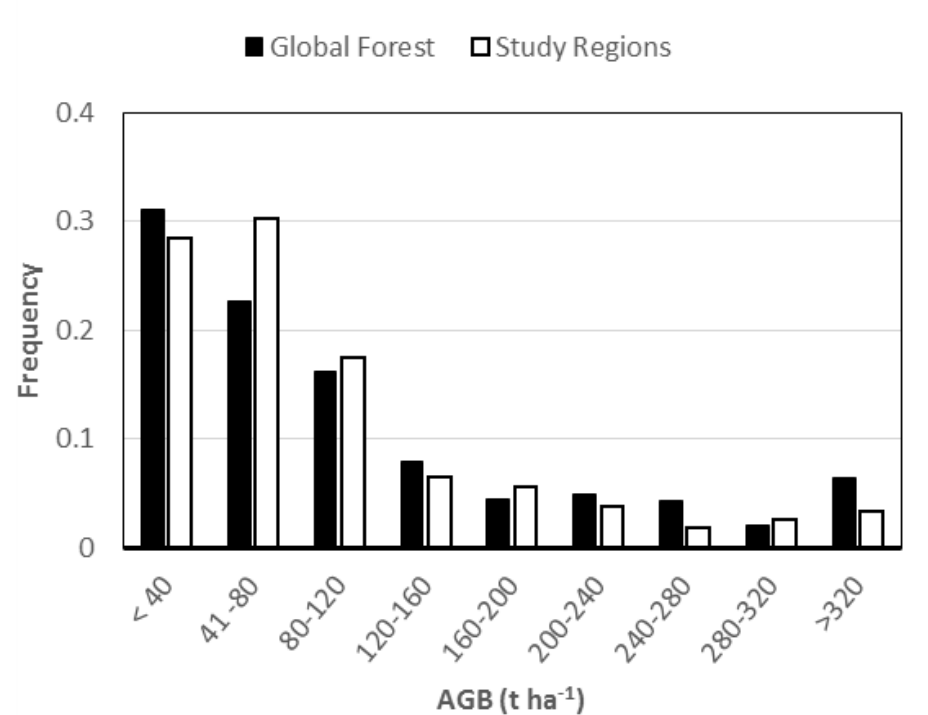
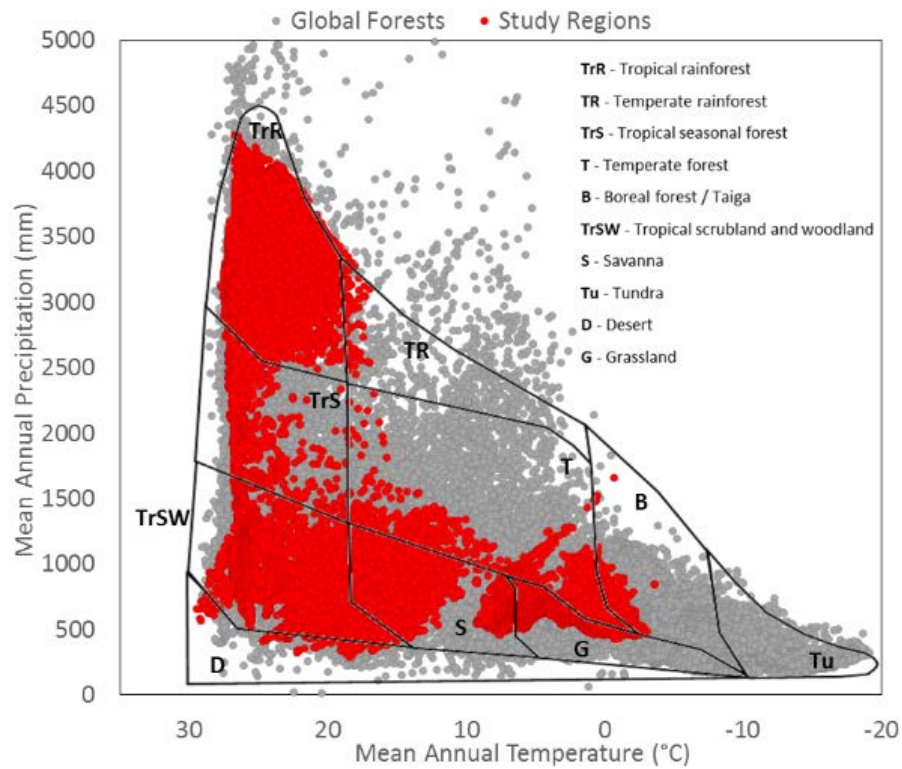
Progress Task 5

Activities / Deliverables	Dates	Progress
D12 Biomass 2000/2005 products	October 2016	✓
Round Robin light	March-April 2017	✓
D13 Biomass 2015 products	August 2017	✓
D14 Change maps	September 2017	WORK IN PROGRESS CHECK BACK SOON!
D15 Uncertainty Characterization	September 2017	WORK IN PROGRESS CHECK BACK SOON!

Study Areas



Study Areas



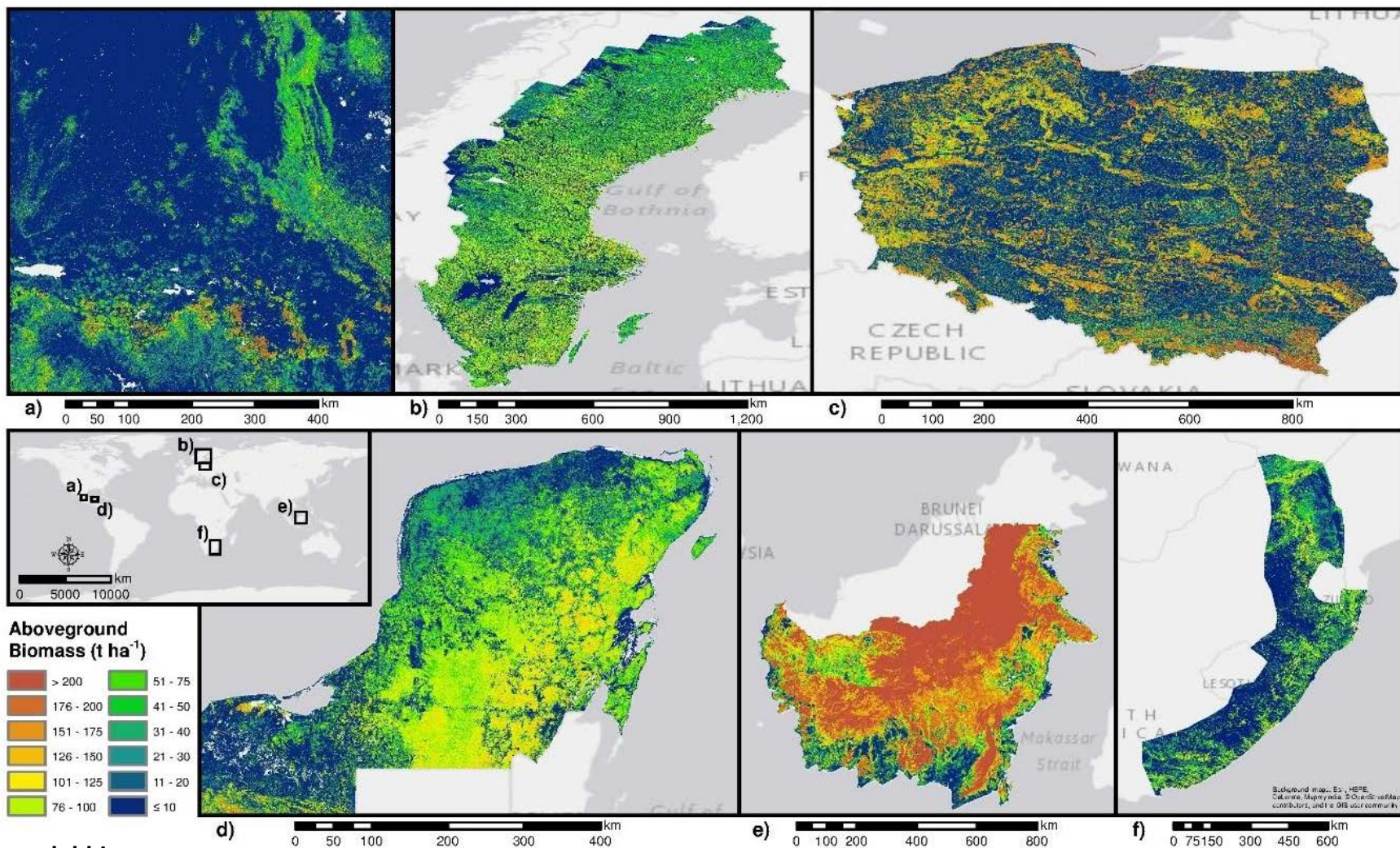
Regional Methods

Regional Map	Method	Reference data
Kalimantan Indonesia	Multiple Linear Regression	Field plots / LiDAR
Eastern South Africa	Bayesian inversion WCM + MIPERS	Field plots
Sweden	kNN / BIOMASAR-L	Field plots
Central Mexico & Yucatan peninsula	MaxEnt	Field plots
Poland	Random Forest	Field plots

Spatial Datasets

Regional Map	2005/07	2010	2015
Kalimantan Indonesia	ALOS PALSAR	ALOS PALSAR	ALOS-2 PALSAR-2, Sentinel-1
Eastern South Africa	ALOS PALSAR, Landsat PTC, SRTM	ALOS PALSAR, Landsat PTC, SRTM	ALOS-2 PALSAR-2, Landsat PTC, SRTM
Sweden	SPOT 4 and SPOT 5 / ALOS PALSAR	SPOT 4 and SPOT 5 / ALOS PALSAR	ALOS-2 PALSAR-2
Central Mexico & Yucatan peninsula	ALOS PALSAR, Landsat 7 & PTC, SRTM	ALOS PALSAR, Landsat 7 & PTC, SRTM	ALOS-2 PALSAR-2, Landsat 8 & PTC, Sentinel-1, SRTM
Poland	ALOS PALSAR mosaic, SRTM, Landsat 5	ALOS PALSAR mosaic, SRTM, Landsat 8	Sentinel-1, Sentinel- 2, SRTM

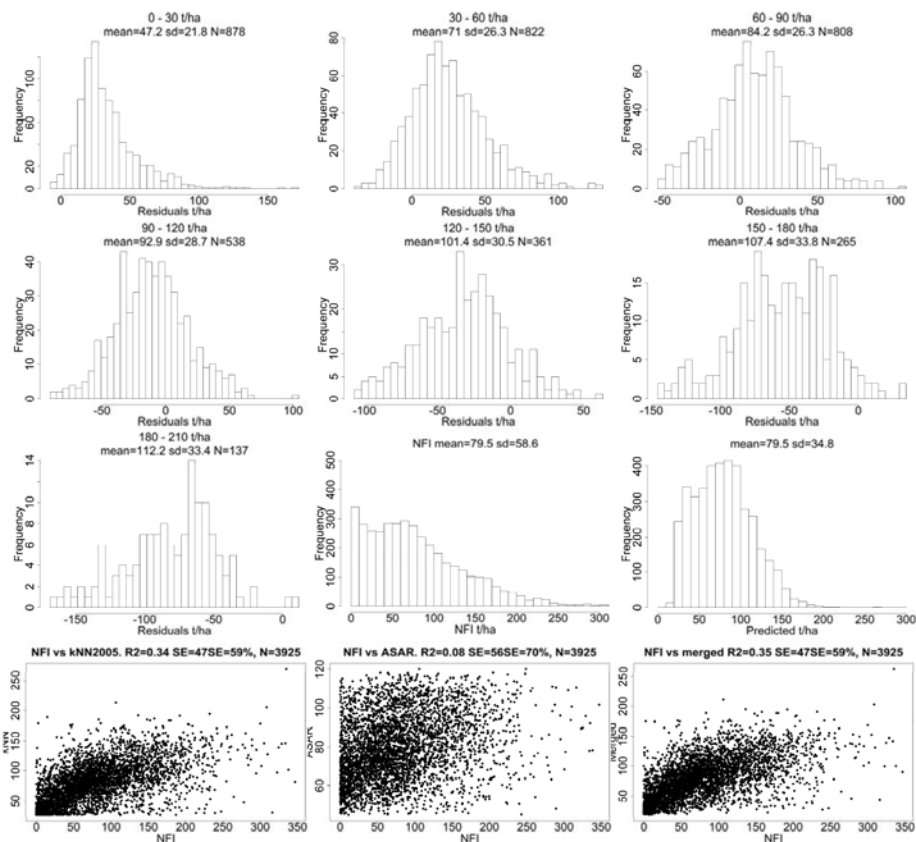
AGB Epoch Maps



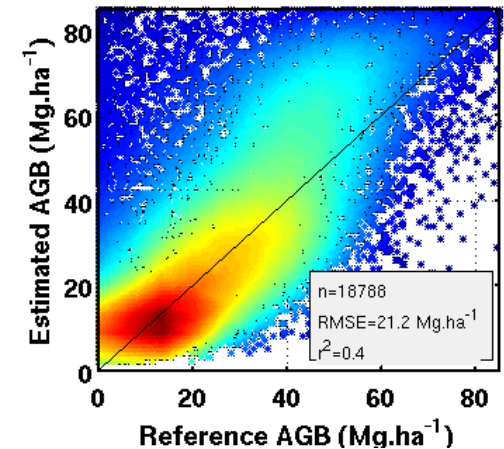
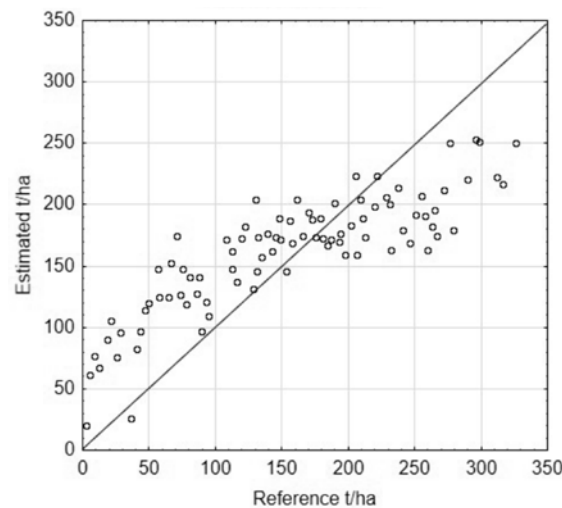
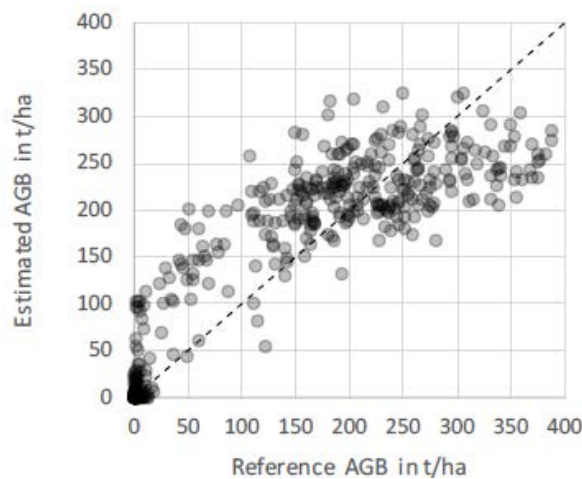
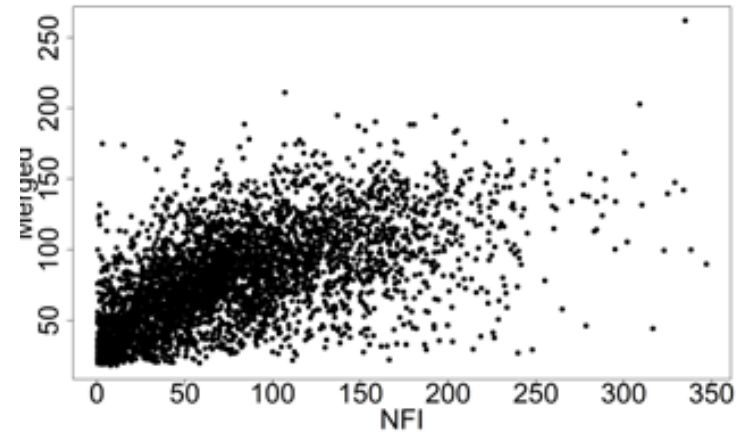
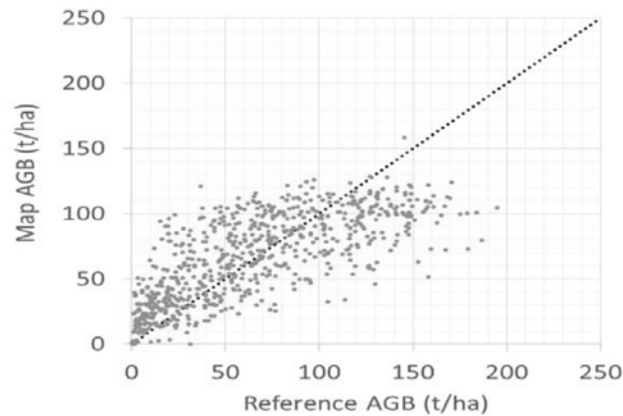
Example: Sweden

- › Validation of AGB stratified by AGB class
- › Bias varies with AGB class:
 - Low biomass has a positive bias
 - High biomass has a negative bias

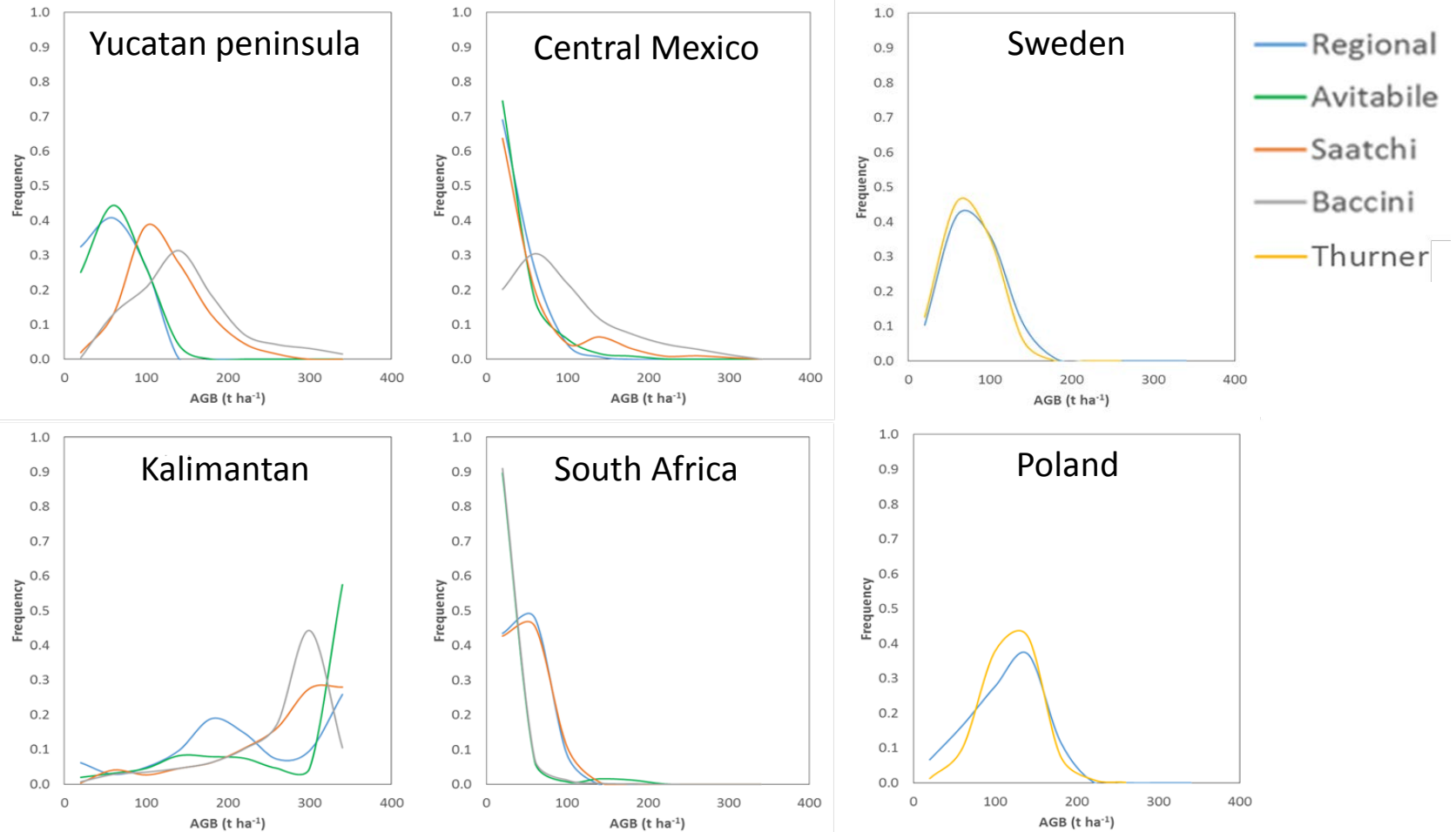
2005 epoch							
AGB classes (t/ha)	n	Average estimated AGB (t/ha)	Average reference AGB (t/ha)	RMSE (t/ha)	R ²	SD(error) (t/ha)	Bias (t/ha)
0-30	878	47	14	40	0.06	22	33
30-60	822	71	45	38	0.06	26	26
60-90	808	84	74	28	0.02	26	10
90-120	538	93	104	31	0.03	29	-11
120-150	361	101	134	45	0.00	31	-33
150-180	265	107	164	66	0.00	34	-57
180-210	137	112	193	87	0.00	33	-81
Overall	3,925	80	80	29	0.35	29	0



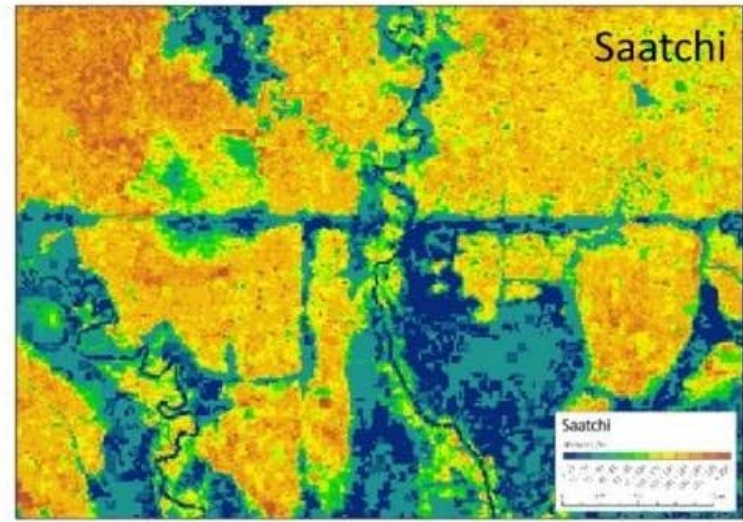
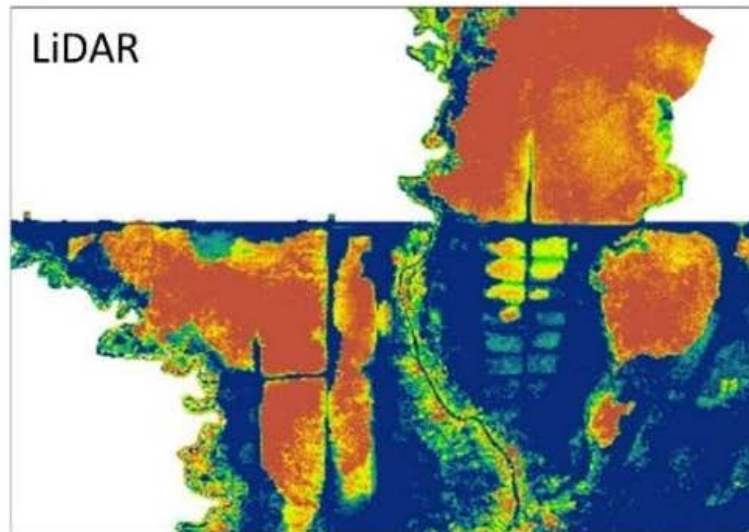
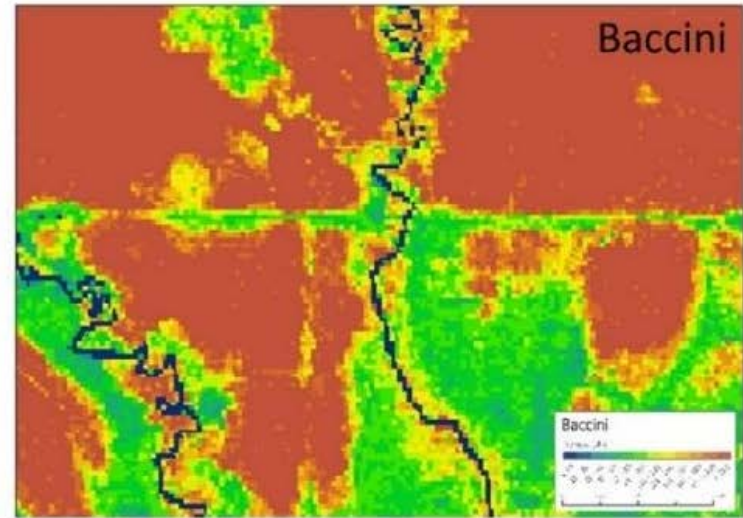
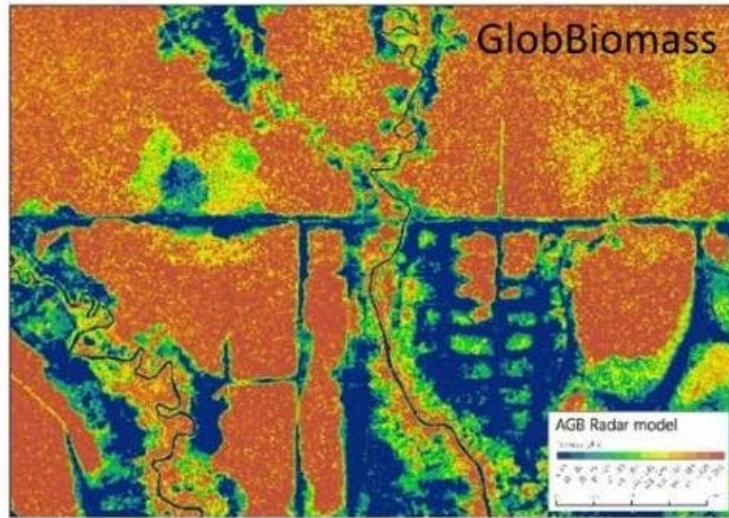
Bias on AGB estimation



Comparison to global products



Comparison to global products



Example: Kalimantan, Indonesia

Conclusions & Outlook

- › AGB maps for epochs 2005/07, 2010 & 2015 are available for all study regions
- › Regional experts are contributing to improve the AGB maps
- › Different methods for regional-scale forest biomass estimation give reasonable results, but present differences with previous global products
- › All regional case studies chose radar and multispectral imagery, augmented sometimes by geomorphometric data from a DEM
- › Some algorithms are 'data-hungry' and need hundreds or thousands of training sites (field plots), while others can be run with smaller training datasets
- › A challenge for global biomass mapping is the regionally unbalanced availability of forest inventory plot data
- › The AGB maps underestimate high AGB levels while low AGB levels are overestimated (due to signal saturation, etc)
- › Uncertainty maps and biomass change maps are being completed



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Grazie

